PRODUCT INFORMATION SHEET

DENVER FOAM® Polyurethane Foam Backer Rod

IMPORTANT INFORMATION: Flexible polyurethane is an "article", not a chemical, as defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200©. It does not require a Safety Data Sheet under OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard. As a service to our customers, however, Backer Rod Mfg. Inc. has produced this Product Information Sheet.

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION		
Date of Preparation	: May 1, 2015	
Product Name	: Denver Foam [®] open cell polyurethane foam backer rod	
Other Names	: Flexible polyurethane foam (FPF), prime foam, bonded foam, densified foam, HR foam, foam, and viscoelastic foam.	
Suppliers Details	: Backer Rod Mfg. Inc. 4244 N Broadway Denver, CO. 80216 Tel: 800-595-2950 Fax: 303-308-0393 www.backerrod.com	
	SECTION 2 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS	

Since flexible polyurethane foam is a solid, physical characteristics such as boiling point, vapor pressure, vapor density evaporation rate, etc., do not apply.

Appearance	: Cellular flexible material, canary yellow and/or charcoal gray in color. May also be in various colors.	
Density	: 1.7 lbs. per cu. ft.	
Solubility in Water	: Insoluble	
Stability and Reactivity	 Stable. No hazardous polymerization will occur in normal use. Prolonged exposure to temperatures in excess of 240°F may cause some loss of volatile components (e.g., flame retardants) through evaporation. Unprotected polyurethane foam will discolor and degrade under prolonged exposure to UV light. Solvent resistance will vary with solvent type. 	
SECTION 3 - FIRE HAZARD INFORMATION		
Auto-Ignition Point:	: In excess of 600°E (ASTM D 1929)	

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	SECTION 3 - FIRE HAZ	ARD INFORMATION cont.	
Fire Hazard	sufficient heat source other direct or indirect	Foam will burn if exposed to an open flame or other •. Do not expose urethane foam to open flames or any ct high temperature ignition source such as burning space heaters or naked lights.	
	: Once ignited, urethane foam will burn rapidly, releasing great heat and consuming oxygen at a high rate. In an enclosed space the resulting deficiency of oxygen will present a danger of suffocation to the occupants. Hazardous gasses released by the burning foam can be incapacitating or fatal to human beings if inhaled in sufficient quantities.		
	: Once ignited, urethane foam is difficult to extinguish. Foam fires that appear to be extinguished may smolder and re-ignite. Always have fire officials determine whether a fire has been extinguished.		
	High concentrations o	be readily ignited and present a potential fire hazard. f foam dust in the air can be a potential explosion hazard parks, or other ignition sources.	
Extinguishing Media	: Water, dry chemical, carbon dioxide		
Fire-fighting Protection	: Fire-fighting personnel must be equipped with self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and fire-fighting clothing.		
	SECTION 4 - H	IEALTH HAZARDS	
Exposure Limits	: None Established		
Acute Toxicity	: LD50 (oral) : : LD50 (dermal): : LC50 (inhalation):	>5000 mg/kg (rat) No data available No data available	
Note	can create nuisance pa tract or even lung infe	eye irritation from such operations as continuous grinding or buffering articulates, which can cause irritation to the respiratory ection, airway obstruction and fibrosis. OSHA has s of 15 mg /m3 for total dust and 5mg/m3 or respirable	
	SECTION 5 - HANI	DLING AND STORAGE	

: Keep foam away from sparks, naked lights, open flames, exposed electrical elements, or other ignition sources. Smoking should be forbidden in areas where material is stored or processed.

: Maintain adequate sprinkler protection where large volumes of foam are kept (e.g., warehouses, fabrication areas and storage rooms). Check for compliance with insurance regulations, local building codes or other legal requirements.

SECTION 5 - HANDLING AND STORAGE cont.

- : Never use foam as an exposed interior wall or ceiling finish
- : Maintain sufficient aisle space to permit access for fire-fighting equipment and personnel to all foam storage areas.
- : Do not allow cuttings or foam scrap to accumulate.
- : Be aware that terms sometimes used to describe polyurethane foam, like "fire retardant" and "flame resistant", do not mean fire safety under all conditions. Flammability ratings from small-scale laboratory tests are not to be taken as an indication of the materials behavior under actual fire conditions.

SECTION 6 - PERSONAL PROTECTION AND EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Protective Equipment	: Unless exposure to foam dust is anticipated, dust masks, goggles, and gloves are not required. Long sleeves are recommended if arms are repeatedly rubbed against foam.	
Ventilation	: Mechanical ventilation should be considered in operations that generate abnormal quantities of foam dust, or where thermal decomposition of the foam occurs (e.g., hot-wire cutting, heat sealing, hot stamping and flame laminating.)	
SECTION 7 - EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES		

Skin	: Wash off any foam dust.
Eyes	: Flush thoroughly with water.
Ingestion	: None necessary.
Inhalation	: Consult physician if coughing, discomfort, or obstruction of air passage occurs.

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